Newport Mercury.

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Newport Mercury,
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and seventeen cents for each subsequent insertion.
All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

NEW WORKS.

Wm. & J. H. BARBER,
Have just received,

THE Life of Major General NATHANIEL GREENE, compiled chiefly from original materials, by the Hon *William Johnson*, of Charleston, S. C.—Vol 1, 4to, price $5.

Helen de Tournon, a Novel by Madame de Souza, translated from the French—one vol price 87 1-2 cents.

Dissertation first; exhibiting a general view of the progress of Metaphysical, Ethical, and Political Philosophy since the revival of letters in Europe.—By DUGALD STEWART, one vol. 8vo, price $ 2 25.

A Foreigner's Opinion of England, 1 vol. price $ 2 25.

Sardanapalus—Two Foscari, and Cain, by Lord Byron, 1 vol 12mo. price $1

May 4, 1822.

NAVIGATORS,

Wm. & J. H. Barber,
Have just received, a few more Copies of

DABOLL's PRACTICAL NAVIGATOR:—Being a concise, easy and comprehensive System of Navigation; calculated for the daily use of Seamen, and also for an Assistant to the Teacher.—By NATHAN DABOLL.—Price $ 2.

ALSO,
Writing and Letter Paper, of various qualities, by the Ream or quire; Drawing Paper, various sizes; Middleton's fine Lead Pencils; Walkden's Ink-powder; Inkstands: Quills; Sealing Wax; Wafers, &c. &c.

Newport, Dec. 8.

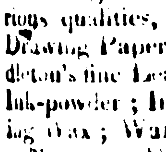
83,000

American Segars, of a superior quality, for Sale by
E. W. LAWTON.
Newport, May 18.

HEMP,

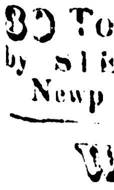
30 Tons Hemp, for sale by STEPHEN CAHOONE.
Newport, May 10.

WOOL,



19 Bales of Smyrna WOOL, about 10,000 lbs. for sale in lots to suit purchasers, for Cash or undoubted paper, by
GEORGE ENGS.
Newport, May 10.

FOR SALE,



A FARM in Exeter, about 7 miles from Wickford and 2 from Little Rest in containing 345 Acres of Land about 150 of which is Woodland. The Farm has on it a New Dwelling-House Barn and other buildings, with a Saw Mill.—Any person disposed to purchase, may know the terms, which will be very reasonable, by calling on the Subscribers.
CHRIS. A SWEET, *Newport.*
J. BAILEY HALL, *Middletown*
Newport, May 10.

SEASONABLE GOODS,

J. F. TOWNSEND,

HAVING made great additions of Seasonable GOODS, to his Stock, now offers for Sale at the lowest prices:—

Best Super. French blue and black Broadcloths
English & American ditto
Cassimeres & Cassinetts
Irish Linens & fine linen Cambrics
Steam loom Shirtings & Sheeting
A great variety of Calicoes
Printed Cambrics
Ginghams
Fine worsted black Bombasin, suitable for mens summer coats.
White twill'd Bombazets
Striped and white Jeans
Blue striped Seersuckers
Merino, Crape and Cassimere Shawls
Merino and plaid silk Hhdkfs.
Wide plaid Italian Silks, of the newest patterns
White and colored India Crapes
Silk, cotton and worsted Hose
Men's cotton and hemp half Hose
A great variety of kid, beaver and silk Gloves
Long white kid Gloves, very nice
Elegant green twilled and plain Lustrings
White Satins
With a great variety of articles not enumerated.

ALSO,
2 Boxes of Paper-Hangings, which will be sold unusually cheap.
With a general Assortment of Domestic Cotton GOODS, of the best qualities and colours.
Newport, May 25.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers appointed Executors of the Last Will and Testament of

CHARLES FEKE,

late of Newport, Druggist, deceased, having given bonds as the law directs, for the faithful discharge of the trust, request all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and all persons having any demands, to present them to
MARY TOWNSEND,
JOHN F. TOWNSEND.
Newport, May 25.

MRS. TEW,

Informs her friends and the Public,
THAT she has just returned from New-York, with an elegant Assortment of
Millinery & Fancy Goods,
Which she offers for sale on the most reasonable terms.
Newport, May 25.

DAVID RODMAN,

No. 136, Thames-Street.
(Nearly opposite the sign of the Golden Eagle)
Respectfully informs the Public,

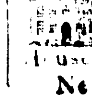
THAT he has recently made such additions to his Stock of BOOTS & SHOES as renders his Assortment very general; which he is selling as cheap as at any Store in Town of equal quality.—*Also,* A quantity of Men's calf-skin Shoes for 7s6; women's morocco Shoes at 3s & 2s3; Children's morocco and leather Bootes at 3s; Children's Shoes at 2s3 & 1s6—The above Shoes are of a good quality, and are sold at the prices stated, in consequence of having been some time on hand, but will probably wear equal to many that cost much more.—Morocco of various colours; binding skins; neats leather; calf-skins; shoe thread, webbing, nails, &c. with almost every article that relates to the Shoe business.

☞ Boots and Shoes, of every description manufactured as usual, and particular attention paid to repairing.
Newport, 18th of 5th mo. 1822.

☞ *To be sold for Money or land*
A Life Annuity of $240 per Annum, pledged upon Real Estate.—Enquire at this Office.
Newport, May 25.

TO LET,

And possession given Immediately.



THE Dwelling-House in Church Street, next east of the Moravian Meeting House.—Enquire at this Office.
Newport, April 20.

SEASONABLE GOODS

CHEAP III GOODS

THAMES-STREET.

S. H. CAHOONE,
Has this Day received,

AN extensive Assortment of English, French, India and American DRY GOODS, which together with his former stock, makes his assortment complete.—Purchasers are invited to call and examine the Goods, as he is determined to sell as *Cheap* as can be purchased in the State.
Newport, May 17.

H. SESSIONS,

Has just received,

A FRESH Supply of Spring and Summer GOODS, which he offers for Sale on the most accommodating terms.—Among which are:—

Merino Shawls & Handkerchiefs
Imitation Do.
Valencia long do
Fancy silk Hodkfs
Gauze ditto
Silk scarfs
Crape Shawls
Levantine ditto
Cotton ditto, with satin borders
Silk, cotton & worsted Hose
Long English silk Gloves
Kid habit ditto
Silk Gauze
Cypress Crape
Italian ditto
Nankin & Canton ditto,
Thread and silk Laces
Fancy and plain Ribbons
Real India Book Muslins
Imitation ditto
India mull muslins
Imitation ditto
A few Leghorns very cheap
Calicoes, a great variety
Cassimere Shawls
superfine Broadcloths & Cassim'rs
Low priced ditto
Red, white, green & yellow Flannels
Sattinetts
Woolinetts
Silk, Marseilles & Valencia vestings
Striped Jeans, a large assortment
4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics
Do Jaconet
Black & coloured India Levantines
Do. Sattins
Ginghams
Stamp'd Cambrics
Pattern Dresses, new fashion
Flag & black silk Handkerchiefs
Cotton flag ditto
Cambric & common Dimities
Carlile Ginghams
Black, blue & yellow Nankins
Black & col. worsted Bombazins for gentlemen's wear
5-8 & 5-4 Bombazin
Silk & Twists

Newport, May 8,

H. SESSIONS,

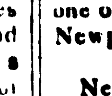
Has just received,
A FEW Boxes of Straw BONNETS of a superior quality and the latest patterns, which he offers for Sale on the best terms, by the box, dozen or single
Newport May 25

TO LET,

And Possession given immediately,

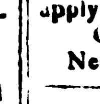
THAT large and pleasantly situated Dwelling-House in Bridge-Street, with or without furniture, (commonly called the Hoskins' house, —it has a large and excellent Garden, with Fruit Trees and Shrubbery, and is one of the most pleasant situations in Newport.—For terms, apply to
JOHN L. BOSS.
Newport, May 4.

TO LET,



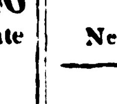
ONE-HALF of the Dwelling-House in Frank, street, near Trinity-Church—It is very pleasantly situated, and convenient for a small family.—For terms apply to
CHARLOTTE S. BURDICK.
Newport, May 18.

TO LET.



THE Dwelling-House, Wharf and Stores on the Point, late the property of *Thomas Dennis*, and now occupied by *Joseph Marble*.—Apply to
W. MARCHANT,
Newport, May 3, 1822.

FOR SALE,



THAT pleasantly situated Dwelling House, No 49, in Broad-Street, near the head of the town.—Said House is in good order, nearly new, and has a large Garden attached to it.—For further particulars apply to
ABNER HATHAWAY.
Newport, May 25.

Bracebridge Hall.

THE following interesting extracts are from WASHINGTON IRVING's new Work, lately published at Philadelphia, entitled "*Bracebridge Hall.*"

"It was a rainy Sunday, in the gloomy month of November I had been detained in the course of a journey, by a slight indisposition, from which I was recovering, but I was still feverish, and was obliged to keep within doors all day, in an Inn of the small town of Derby A wet Sunday in a country Inn! whoever has had the luck to experience one, can alone judge of my situation.—The rain pattered against the casements; the bells tolled for church with a melancholy sound I went to the windows in quest of something to amuse the eye; but it seemed as if I had been placed completely out of the reach of all amusement. The windows of my bed room looked out among tiled roofs and stacks of chimneys, while those of my sitting room commanded a full view of the stable yard. I know of nothing more calculated to make a man sick of this world than a stable yard on a rainy day. The place was littered with wet straw, that had been kicked about by travellers and stable boys; in one corner was a stagnant pool of water surrounding an island of muck; there were several half drowned fowls crowded together under a cart, among which was a miserable, crest-fallen cock, drenched out of all life and spirit; his drooping tail matted as it were into a single feather, along which the water trickled from his back. Near the cart was a half-dozing cow, chewing the cud, and standing patiently to be rained on, with wreaths of vapour rising from her reeking hide; a wall-eyed horse tired of the loneliness of the stable, was poking his spectral head out of a window, with the rain dripping on it from the eaves; an unhappy cur, chained to a dog house, hard by, uttered something every now and then, between a bark and a yelp; a drab of a kitchen wench tramped backwards and forwards through the yard in pattens, looking as sulky as the weather itself; every thing, in short, was comfortless and forlorn, except a crew of hard drinking ducks, assembled like boon companions round a puddle, and making a riotous noise over their liquor.

I was lonely and listless and wanted amusement. My room soon became insupportable. I abandoned it, and sought what is technically called the traveller's room. This is a public room set apart at most inns for the accommodation of a class of wayfarers, called travellers or riders; a kind of commercial knights errant, who are incessantly scouring the kingdom in gigs, on horseback, or by coach. They are the only successors, that I know of at the present day, to the knight errants of yore.—They lead the same kind of roving adventurous life, only changing the lance for a whip, the buckler for a pattern card, and the coat of mail for an upper Benjamin Instead of vindicating the charms of peerless beauty, they rove about spreading the fame and standing of some substantial tradesman or manufacturer, and are ready at any time to bargain in his name; it being the fashion now-a-days to trade instead of fight with one another. As the room of the Hostel, in the good old fighting times, would be hung round at night with the armour of way-worn warriors, such as coats of mail, falchions, and yawning helmets; so the traveller's room is garnished with the harnessing of their successors; with box coats, whips of all kinds, spurs, gaiters, and oil cloth covered hats.

I was in hopes of finding some of these worthies to talk with, but was disappointed There were, indeed, two or three in the room, but I could make nothing of them. One was just finishing his breakfast; quarrelling with his bread and butter, and huffing the waiter; another buttoned on a pair of gaiters, with many execrations at "Boots," for not having cleaned his shoes well; a third sat drumming on the table with his fingers and looking at the rain as it streamed down the window glass; they all appeared infected by the weather, and disappeared, one after the other, without exchanging a word.

I sauntered to the window, and stood gazing at the people picking their way to church, with petticoats hoisted midleg high and dripping umbrellas The bell ceased to toll, and the streets became silent. I then amused myself with watching the daughters of a tradesman opposite; who, being confined to the house, for fear of wetting their Sunday finery, played off their charms at the front windows to fascinate the chance tenants of the inn. They at length were summoned away by a vigilant vinegar-faced mother, and I had nothing farther from without to amuse me.

What was I to do, to pass away the longlived day? I was sadly nervous and lonely; and every thing about an inn seems calculated to make a dull day ten times duller Old newspapers smelling of beer and tobacco smoke, and which I had already read half a dozen times. Good for nothing books, that were worse than the rainy weather I bored myself to death with an old volume of the Lady's Magazine. I read all the common placed names of ambitious travellers scrawled on panes of glass; the eternal families of the Smiths and the Browns, and the Jacksons, and the Johnsons, and all the other sons; and I decyphered several scraps of fatiguing inn-window poetry that I have met with in all parts of the world

The day continued lowering and gloomy; the slovenly, ragged, spongy clouds drifted heavily along, the air; there was no variety even in the rain; it was one dull, continued monotonous patter, patter, patter; excepting that now and then I was enlivened by the idea of a brisk shower, from the rattling of the drops upon a passing umbrella. It was quite *refreshing* (if I may be allowed a hackney-ed phrase of the day) when in the course of the morning, a horn blew, and a stage coach whirled through the street, with outside passengers stuck all over it, cowering under cotton umbrellas; and seethed together and reeking with the steams of wet box coats and upper Benjamins.

The sound brought out from their lurking places a crew of vagabond boys, and vagabond dogs, with the carroty headed hostler, and that non-descript animal yclept Boots, and all the other vagabond race that infest the purlieus of an inn; but the bustle was transient; the coach again whirled on its way; and boy, and dog, and hostler, and boots, all slunk back again to their holes; and the street again became silent, and the rain continued to rain on. In fact there was no hope of its clearing up; the barometer pointed to rainy weather; mine hostess' tortoiseshell cat sat by the fire washing her face and rubbing her paws over her ears; and on referring to the almanac, I found a direful prediction stretching from the top of the page to the bottom through the whole month, "expect much rain about this time."

* * * * *

The evening gradually wore away. The travellers read the papers two or three times over; after which they one after another rang for "Boots" and the chambermaid, and walked up to bed in old shoes, cut down into marvellously uncomfortable slippers.

There was only one man left; a short legged, long-bodied plethoric fellow with a very large sandy head. He sat by himself with a glass of port wine negus, and a spoon; sipping and stirring until nothing was left but the spoon. He gradually fell asleep bolt upright in his chair, with the empty glass standing before him; and the candle seemed to fall asleep too, for the wick grew long and cabbaged at the end, and, dimmed the little light that remained in the chamber.

The gloom that now prevailed was contagious. Around hung the shapeless and almost spectral box coats of departed travellers, long since buried in deep sleep. I only heard the ticking of the clock, with the deep-drawn breathings of the sleeping toper; and the drippings of the rain, drop drop drop, from the eaves of the house.

The Author of "Florio,"

It gives us pleasure to mention the following facts, because they are equally complimentary to the author of "Florio," and creditable to the literature of our country. A gentleman of the name of Minnons is publishing a work at Edinburgh, entitled the "Literary Coronal;" the first volume of which—an elegant duodecimo of about 300 pages, with engravings, is already issued Having met with some of the productions of "Florio," he wrote to a gentleman in this country, directing him to procure as many of them, for insertion in the "Coronal," as the author would consent to part with. The result of the application was an engagement on the part of "Florio" to furnish Mr. Minnons with forty pieces JAMES BROOKS, Esq of Poughkeepsie, is the author of "Florio" He graduated at Union College in 1819; and is now about 21 years of age.

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, MAY 27.

Late from England.

BY the ship Hannibal, Capt Watkinson, which arrived yesterday in 34 days from Liverpool, we have received papers of that place to April 19, and London to the 17th ult.

It appears by the Courier, that the Turkish note to the Austrian and British Ambassadors, rejecting the *Russian ultimatum*, had not been officially communicated to the Russian minister at Vienna, who was sent there to attend to such communications as the mediating powers thought proper to make. And it was determined to make another effort with the Divan for the preservation of peace. Accordingly on the 10th of March, another note was presented to the Turkish government, in which it is said the French minister joined in the request that the flames of war might not be rekindled, and pledging themselves that Russia should take no advantage if the Porte should consent to evacuate Wallachia and Moldavia. It is added that the Divan had consented to take this note into consideration. In this state affairs remained at the last accounts.

A letter from Paris of April 10th, says—"Mr. ZEA, the Columbian Minister here, yesterday delivered a diplomatic note to the Ambassadors of the different European powers at this Court demanding the recognition of the independence of Columbia. It is extremely well written, and the language is bold and firm."

The House of Commons met on the 17th, when it was agreed that the report of the Agricultural Committee should be taken into consideration on the 22d. The West India and American Trade Bill was to have a second reading on the 19th.

LONDON, April 16.

A mail arrived yesterday from Constantinople with letters to the 12th ult. They are not later in date than the advices received by way of Odessa; but, being from better sources, they contain some additional information. Another note was presented to the Divan on the 19th by the Austrian, English, and French Ambassadors in conjunction, calling on them to order the immediate evacuation of the principalities (Wallachia and Moldavia) by the Turkish armies, as the only mode of avoiding hostilities. No answer to this had been returned on the 11th, when the letters left Constantinople.

From this fact it is reasonable to conclude, were there no other evidence on the same subject, that nothing had been previously done by the Porte to produce as it has been alleged, a rupture of the negotiations, or to render desperate the hopes of peace. A sense of their own dignity would, in either of the above cases have prevented the great Courts alluded to from tendering a note, which must of necessity have proved fruitless. What decision might be ultimately taken by the Turkish Cabinet, was held to be matter of considerable doubt. They do not admit, on their part as we understand, the violation of any treaties by which the interference of Russia in their affairs can at all be justified. It is believed at all events, that they will not withdraw the armies, until the insurrections in Moldavia and Walachia shall have been completely suppressed; but it is clearly ascertained that the Turks will not be the first to commence hostilities. Conceiving that they have right on their side, they will assume a defensive position, and leave to Russia the first act of aggression.

If this should in reality prove to be the course of policy on which the Turkish Cabinet has determined, it will materially strengthen the chances of maintaining the peace of Europe. Russia will hesitate to invade Turkey, if no greater provocation is given, and without some actual outrage committed by the troops of that Power. But, supposing all the moral obstacles removed, it is material to inquire whether those of a physical nature are likely to be easily surmounted. A march to Constantinople would be much easier to plan than to execute. Indeed if any thing like equality should be found between the respective armies, the operation would be next to impossible. The greatest part of the country interposed between the Moldavian frontier and the Turkish capital is among the most difficult in the world. Every village must be stormed before it can be entered by an invader. The soil is so ill cultivated and its produce so scanty, that even should no Turkish army have first traversed those provinces in advancing or retreating, the Russian army must draw its supplies exclusively from within its own frontier. A line of one nation thus prolonged must be weak and exposed, and ruinously expensive, overwhelming, probably, to the slender finances of Russia, now more than commonly wasted by the support of so numerous an army & for so long a period, on the Pruth. It is true that if the principal movements of the Russian force were confined to the western shores of Euxine, water carriage might be easily found to lighten the difficulties of the campaign; but this would depend on the relative strength of the naval armaments of Constantinople and Sebastopol—of those prepared in the centre of the Turkish and at the extremity of the Russian power, one active and well commanded squadron in the Black Sea might go near to annihilate the subsistence of the Russian army. We innumerate these possible impediments to the military efforts of the Cabinet of St. Petersburgh, merely to shew how strong an interest the Ministers of that Court must feel in the success of their diplomacy, or in that of their Christian Allies and that, on the grounds of solid calculation, an appeal to arms must be a wary and reluctant rather than, as we hear it sometimes called, an eager and confident policy on the part of that great power.

A tumult among the Janissaries, which at one time threatened dangerous consequences, is said to have occurred in Constantinople on the 8th ult. But the government acted with such promptitude and vigour, that the tumult was immediately suppressed. Sixteen of the ringleaders were punished with death, and about 150 more were imprisoned, for greater security, on board the ships of war in the harbour, till their punishment could be determined.

The Turkish Government was making large purchases of corn for the supply of their armies; rendered necessary no doubt, by the large force brought into the field to act against the Greeks, and also as a measure of precaution—the Russian ports, in the Black Sea being their chief reliance, and those likely to be closed against them if hostilities should break out.

VIENNA, April 2.

We expect about the 20th inst. the return of the courier who was despatched on the 19th ult with the Note of the Reis Effendi, which our Court refused to receive. The friends of peace flatter themselves that he will bring back news of a change in the dispositions of the Porte. The courier despatched to St. Petersburg by M'de Tatischeff, will return about the same time.

WARSAW, MARCH 30.

The Russian troops, which, on account of the scarcity of provisions, were sent from Bessarabia behind the Dwieste, in January last, have received orders to take their former position—On the Pruth, as well as on the Danube, the Turkish armies continue their hostile preparations. The Russians on their side are concentrating their forces

ODESSA, MARCH 18.

The Sultan, depending on the 130,000 Asiatic troops in the environs of Constantinople, seems resolved to attempt a reform among the Janissaries.—This is a formidable undertaking, which has hither to proved fatal to all those who have attempted it.

SEMLIN, MARCH 28

We have advices from Constantinople to the 20th of this month. Every thing was in the greatest fermentation, and an insurrection of the Janisaries has excited the greatest consternation. The Sultan had ordered a press of sailors for the navy—those of the Janisaries opposed the officers, and several of the chiefs have lost their heads. Constantinople resembles a vast camp, the mussulmen are full of enthusiasm with the hope of making war and pillaging the Russians.

PARIS, APRIL 14

Letters from Vienna, of the 3d instant say, "All the accounts continue to indicate war. Great trouble threatens Turkey. A kind of civil war has broken out in Bosnia; Servia is in fermentaion, the inhabitants waiting only a favorable opportunity to throw off the Turkish yoke. In Albania and Epinos, the contest has recommenced with great fury.

The emperor of Russia having instituted an inquiry into the abuses committed in the government of Siberia, a report has been made on the subject, in consequence of which 678 civil officers in that country have been removed, punished or reprimanded, including the governors of Siberia, of Irkrutz and Tomsk.

Letters from Trieste say the pretended naval victory of the Greeks, is by no way confirmed, and that the whole story is probably a fiction.

LONDON, APRIL 16.

SPAIN.

The accounts from Madrid are to April 5th. There was no truth in the report of the assassination of Riego and the Royal Family.

The term for which Reigo was elected President of the Cortes having expired, Admiral Valdes, who was distinguished in the battle of Trafalgar, and who has been Governor of Cadiz, and minister of war since the revolution, is elected President. He is the uncle of Riego, but is said to be inclined to the moderate system of politics. Under the date of April 1st, it is said—"Within these four days there have been three secret committees of the Cortes. It is reported, that they have been held in consequence of the arrival of General Espelletta, who is come to give an account of the events in Navarra. Many rumours are in circulation on this subject. It is asserted that the Minister Martinez de la Roso has promised to the Cortes that he will demand frank explanations from the King respecting his personal relations with other cabinets, which are supposed not to be unconnected with the troubles in Navarre. General Alava is stated to have delivered to the Secretaries several documents of great importance on this subject."

Still Later.

BOSTON, MAY 30.

By the British brig Friends, Capt Wilson, arrived last evening from Liverpool, we have received London papers to April 20th, and a Liverpool paper of April 24th, containing London dates five days later than by the Hannibal, arrived at New-York. Nothing important had been done in Parliament since the late recess. On the 19th, the day assigned for the second reading of the West-India and Navigation Bills, there was not a quorum of the House of Commons. On the 20th, these bills were postponed to April 29th. On the 18th, a committee was appointed on motion of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, to consider the best mode of simplifying the accounts annually laid before Parliament, relating to the public income, expenditure, debt, trade, and navigation.

The following paragraph dated London April 2, is from the Liverpool Courier of the 24th.

This morning was rather prolific in arrivals.—We had mails from France Holland, Flanders and Lisbon. A commercial house of the greatest eminence in the city received this morning a Paris despatch from Vienna of a late date, (13th April we believe) which gives satisfactory reasons for the detention of the Russian Ambassador, M de Tatischeff from Vienna. The departure of this personage is by these accounts placed in a very different light from that given in the French papers; and so far from the negotiations being at an end, it should seem that the great desire which the Emperor of Austria entertains for the preservation of peace, has actually induced him to write himself to the northern Autocrat on the subject of affairs, and to forward the despatch by M Tatischeff. Every thing continued to wear a favorable appearance, and no doubt was entertained that all would terminate amicably and satisfactorily.

M Zea, the Minister of Colombia, has made an official communication to the Cabinets of the several powers of Europe, a copy of which, dated Paris, April 8, is published. He declares the intention of his government not to communicate with governments which do not recognize that of Colombia—that the commerce of Colombia shall be open to all nations whose governments shall recognize that of Colombia, but closed against the subjects all other states.

By the Mails.

NEW-YORK,

NEW-YORK MAY 29.

Late from Vera Cruz.

THE fast sailing sch'r F. C. Graf, Capt. Naghel, arrived yesterday in 30 days from Vera Cruz, and 8 days from Havanna.

Capt. N. informed us, that he sailed from Vera Cruz on the 27th of April, at which time the port was shut against foreign vessels. Several American vessels had arrived off the harbor, but were ordered off. Left at Vera Cruz the U. S brig Enterprize from a cruize, all well; and the U S s'chr Shark, which came in about 4 days before, having in charge the ship Calpe of New-Orleans, in distress, with 6 feet of water in her hold. The Calpe was laying at Tampico waiting for passengers, and the Captain was on shore, when she experienced a violent gale of wind and was blown off to sea and was fortunately fallen in with by the Shark, and taken to Vera Cruz, where she was not allowed to go into port, but was obliged to anchor off the harbor.

Capt. Naghel who arrived yesterday in 8 days from Havanna, informs, that a Duel had taken place between an officer of the Frigate Macedonian, and an officer of the British frigate Tribune, both of whom were so badly wounded, that they died in two days.

From Porto Rico.

Capt. Frink, arrived at New York in 16 days from Porto Rico, informs, that the British sloop of war Esk had arrived there, and demanded the crews of two British vessels, which had been captured by a Spanish privateer. They had been given up, and had sailed for Anguadilla, at which port was a British brig recently captured by the privateers, and the Esk was bound to that port to procure the release of the crew.

Shocking Occurrence.—Five Negroes of Iredell county, (N. C.) belonging to Gen. Davidson, took the desperate resolution of destroying the whole family by poison, to prevent being removed with them to Alabama. Two of the General's daughters only were destroyed, in the absence of their husbands. A dose [of hemlock] was ready for the General himself, but the plot was discovered before they were ready to complete their purpose.

Letters from Canton express fears that the late controversy between the English and Chinese will occasion the interdiction of all trade with foreigners.

Newport,

Saturday, June 1, 1822.

TOWN-MEETING.

The Annual Meeting for the choice of Town-Officers, will be on TUESDAY NEXT.—It is hoped that the Freemen will be punctual in their attendance, as we learn there will be a resignation of one of the Town-Council, and three new Commissioners for the Asylum are also to be chosen.—Much important municipal business will then be acted upon.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The ship Martha, Capt. Sketchley, arrived at New-York on Tuesday in 30 days from Liverpool, has brought papers of that place to the 27th April. The N. Y. Mercantile Advertiser, of Wednesday, contains the following summary of their contents:—

At the last dates it is said, there was every prospect of a reconciliation between Russia and Turkey.

The West-India trade bill was to have a final reading in the House of Commons on the 29th of April, and there was no doubt of its passage.

On the 25th, when the last accounts left London, Lord John Russell had just brought forward his promised motion for a parliamentary reform.

A meeting has been held in London, of the merchants, &c. and a petition to government adopted, praying that the ships belonging to the Republics of Colombia, Buenos Ayres, &c. may be admitted (when coming direct from their respective countries, and laden with the produce thereof) in the same manner as ships of the United States and Brazil.

The wheat crop has failed at the Cape of Good Hope.

There are rumours that a misunderstanding is likely to become serious between France and Spain.

A motion for an address to the King to remit the imprisonment of Mr Hunt, was negatived in the House of Commons 223 to 80.

By Last Evening's Mail,

NEW-YORK, MAY 30.

Most Distressing Intelligence.

By the arrival of the Martha, Capt. Sketchly, in 30 days from Liverpool, we have the heart rending intelligence of the *Total loss of the Packet ship Albion*, Captain WILLIAMS, which left this port the first of April for Liverpool. She was driven ashore on the Irish coast on the 22d of the month, *and nearly all on board perished*

The intelligence produced the most painful sensation we have ever witnesed in our city, and the event will be most extensively lamented by the friends of the numerous passengers in almost every part of this continent. Capt. Williams, was one of our most respectable shipmasters, and highly esteemed as a citizen. He has left a wife and seven children to lament his melancholy fate.

The passengers who were on board, according to the account we published on the sailing of the ship, were as follows

Mr. Chabert, and Mr. Gravez*, of Paris; Mr Le Mercier, of N. Orleans; Mrs Garnier & Son, and Mrs. Pye, of N York; Miss Powell, of Canada; major Gough of the Br. army; Wm. Proctor, Wm H. Dwight, and G W Baynor, N York; Philotine Delpla, and Victor Mellissent, of Paris; G. H Clark and lady, of Albany; Col. Prevost; A. M Fisher, of Yale College; G. Hill, John Gorte, N. Carolina; Wm Overhart, of Pennsylvania, and two gentlemen from the northward. *This was *Gen. Lefebre Desnouettes*, who assumed hat name.

We have obtained no other particulars of this disastrous event, than will be found in the following extracts of letters received at Liverpool. Captain Sketchley made every enquiry at the moment of his departure, but understood no further information had reached Liverpool. It was reported that the passenger saved, belonged to Boston.

Letters from Liverpool, say that the news of the loss of the Albion caused such a gloom, that all mercantile business was nearly suspended during the day.

A letter of the 27th states, that the letter bags of the Albion had drifted ashore, and would be immediately forwarded to Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 27.

SHIPWRECK OF THE ALBION PACKET.

We have to record a melancholly event, in the loss of the packet ship Albion, from New-York to Liverpool—This fine vessel sailed from New-York on the 1st inst. with a crew of 24 men and about 28 passengers. On the 22d inst. she was entirely lost on the Coast of Ireland, off Garretstown, near the Old Point of Kinsale. Only two passengers and seven of the crew were saved. All the particulars of this melancholy shipwreck which have been received in town up to the hour that we are writing, are contained in two letters, published in the Mercury of yesterday. The following is from Jacob Mark, U. S. Consul at Kinsale:—

Kinsale, 4th Month, 22, 1822.

"On my arrival in this place, early this morning, I was informed of the melancholy fate of the ship Albion, Capt. Williams, one of the line of packet ships from New-York to your port; she was cast away before day light this morning, to the westward of the Old Head, near a place called Garretstown, and I grieve to say, that poor Capt. Williams is no more. There were 22 passengers on board, in the cabin, 15 men and 7 women, all of whom have met a watery grave, with the exception of one young man from Boston, I understand; and he is so exhausted, he could not give the names of the others, or any particulars; seven of the crew are saved, one of the mates and six men. I am informed that there was a considerable sum in specie on board; part of the deck only floated ashore. Last night was very tempestuous; and it seems, the ship lost her masts about ten o'clock, carrying a press of sail off the land, wind S. S. E. which was the cause of the misfortune; it was about 3 o'clock this morning that she struck on a ledge of rocks, and went to pieces. I understand a few bales of cotton have come ashore. It is my intention to go to the spot, and render any service in my power to the unfortunate survivors; and if any thing particular comes to my knowledge, relative to this truly awful melancholy catastrophe, I shall drop you a line.—In haste, your sincere friend

"JACOB MARK."

"*To Messrs. Cropper, Benson & Co.*"

DIPLOMATIC AFFAIRS.

We gave some weeks since an account of the call made by Congress on the President, for a letter written by Mr. RUSSELL, from Paris, in 1815, while on the mission to Ghent, which was said to implicate the conduct of his colleagues (Messrs. Adams, Bayard, and Gallatin) in the treaty of that place, in making a proposition to the British, to allow them the free navigation of the Missisippi, for the privilege of taking and curing fish within the jurisdiction of the British government. The President, in complying with the request, transmitted with Mr. Russell's letter, a communication of Mr. ADAMS respecting it. These documents have lately been published in a pamphlet at Washington, and copied into several of our daily papers. Our limits will not permit us to give extracts from them. It appears from the documents, that the duplicate recently deposited by Mr. R. in the Department of State, is not an exact copy of the original letter, but differs from it in several highly significant passages.

Mr. ADAMS, in concluding his Remarks on Mr. Russell's letter, says:—

"I have shown that the most aggravated portion of Mr. Russell's charge against his colleagues of the majority, that of wilful violation of positive and unequivocal instructions, by a senseless offer to the British Plenipotentiaries, sacrificing an important Western to a trifling Eastern interest, is not only *utterly destitute of foundation*, but that it was not even made, nay more, that it was distinctly contradicted by the letter really written by Mr Russell at Paris, on the 11th of February, 1815. Into Mr. Russell's *motive* for introducing it into the duplicate of that letter, delivered by himself at the Department of State, to be communicated to the House as the letter called for by their resolution, I shall not attempt to penetrate; having, as I trust equally shown that the charges implied in the real letter are as groundless as their aggravations in the duplicate. The professions of unfeigned respect to the integrity, talents, and judgment, of these colleagues whose conduct is, in the same letter, represented as so *weak, absurd*, and *treacherous*, I can, for my own part, neither accept or reciprocate. I have been compelled to speak, as in these remarks I have done, of a person distinguished by the favor of his country, and with whom, I had been associated in a service of high interest to this Union, has been among the most painful incidents of my life. In the defence of myself and my colleagues, against imputations so groundles in themselves at first so secretly set forth, and now so wantonly promulgated before the legislative assembly of the nation, it has been impossible entirely to seperate the language of self-vindication from that of reproach. With Mr. Russell I can also rejoice that the proposal offered on the 1st of December, 1814, was rejected by the British government, not because I believe it now, more than I did then, liable to any of the dangers and mischiefs so glaring in the vaticinations of Mr. Russell, but because both the interests to which it relates have since been adjusted in a manner still more satisfactory to the United States. I rejoice, too, that this adjustment has taken place before the publication of Mr. Russell's letter could have any possible influence in defeating or retarding it. The convention of 20th Oct. 1818, is the refutation of all the doctrines of Mr. Russell's letter, to

which there can be no reply. It has adjusted the fishing interest upon the principle asserted by the American mission at Ghent, but disclaimed by Mr. Russell It has given us the boundary of latitude 49, from the Lake of the Woods westward, and it has proved the total indifference of the British government to the right of navigating the Mississippi, by their abandonment of their last claim to it, without taking an equivalent for its renunciation."

Annual Episcopal Convention.

We are requested to state, that the Annual Convention of the Episcopal Church of this State, will be holden at St, Paul's Church, in the village of Wickford, on TUESDAY next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Anniversary Festival of St. John the Baptist, will be celebrated in this Town on Monday, the 24th of June inst.

Steam-Boat Act.

The New-Haven Herald of Tuesday last, says—"We have just learnt, that the Governor has sent to the Legislature, his VETO against the Steam-Boat Act; giving his reasons at length in a manuscript of 26 pages.

The proceedings of the Naval Court Martial recently held in Boston, are officially published in the National Intelligencer.—It appears that Capt. Shaw has been found guilty of unofficer-like conduct," and sentenced to be suspended for the term of 6 months, which sentence has been approved by the President. The grounds of the charge against Capt. Shaw, were letters addressed to Capt. Hull, and the Secretary of the Navy, falsely charging Capt. H. with improper conduct in the execution of his official duties.

Lieut. Abbott was tried by the same Court for "scandalous conduct," in relation to Capt. Hull, found guilty, and sentenced to be suspended from rank, pay and emoluments for the term of two years, which sentence has been approved.

PIRATES.

The sch'r Jane, Capt. Copeland, arrived at New-York on Saturday from Neuvitas, was employed in the service of the U. S. (and manned from the Grampus and Alligator) in the capture of the Pirates which infest Cuba.—A letter from an officer of the Grampus, (received by the Jane) dated at sea May 11th, says:—

"Off Avarro we fell in with the Alligator, and proceeded in company to Neuvitas; there we procured a pilot boat schooner (Jane of New-York) manned her with 60 men and officers from the two vessels; armed her with two 6 pounders &c—thus equipped she sailed on a cruise under the command of Capt Stockton—while lying here, a small schr. came off the harbor with the Colombian flag under the Spanish; seeing American colors flying she came in; went out again in the morning, was followed by our vessels and surrendered—she proved the Cieuga Colombian scnr. which had been run off with by a part of her crew, after forcing several American seamen to join them—same day joined the Jane, she having seen no pirates—shortly after saw Sugar Key ahead, and 5 sail at anchor, 4 schrs and a brig. Upon perceiving us the schooners fled, the brig filled away, and was brought to by a shot through her bowsprit from the schooner Jane—she proved the British brig Cherub from Buenos Ayres for Havana, with jerk beef, and was taken the previous night by the pirates, who were in the act of plundering her when our vessels hove in sight—Capt. Gregory immediately despatched the Alligator and Jane in pursuit of them and with the Grampus and Cieuga took possession of the Cherub Capt. Stockton in the morning came up with the pirates and before evening captured one and drove another ashore and burnt a third, but the crew escaped—the one burnt was their largest vessel, this service was performed by acting sailing master Barney (son of the late Commodore) with 5 men in the Gig of the Alligator; this young officer is only 17, and with his little band performed this service in view of at least 180 pirates and out of gun shot from our vessel. It is said these desperadoes are headed by the notorious Lafitte.—Upon their getting under way, they fired a gun without shot, gave three cheers and hoisted a tri colored flag

"Early this morning we fell in with a British sloop, no living creature on board but a black dog—she had be been recently pillaged—she had on board 12 large green turtles all alive, and appeared to have goods in boxes and bales. We are bound to Matanzas—the Alligator proceeds to Charleston with the prizes—the brig goes to Havana, and will pay a handsome salvage."

Schooner Alligator.

The U. S. sch'r Alligator, Lieut. Stockton, arrived at Charleston May 20th, from a cruize, with her two prizes, captured in the West-Indies.

A new Methodist Meeting-House was dedicated at New-Haven on the 24th ult. In the evening a Sermon was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Summerfield, to a very crowded audience.

We learn that Capt. Spence is appointed to command the Cyane, of 24 guns, lying at N. York; Capt. Carson to the Peacock, 18 guns lying at Washington; and Capt. Renshaw to the John Adams, 24 guns, fitting at Norfolk, all too cruize for the protection of our commerce in the West India seas, against the piratical depredations of modern Black Beards.

Washington Gaz.

Legislature of Connecticut—The Committee on Internal Improvements and laying an excise on distilled spirits, made report, accompanied by a bill for a public act. The committee estimate that a duty of two cents a gallon on the quantity used in this state would produce $22,000 annually; and they consider that a revenue of $10,000 may be easily derived from this source. The bill provides that "every retailer shall exhibit an account on oath of all distilled liquors by him sold, and pay a duty of — cents upon every gallon thereof."

From Havana.

Capt. Frink, arrived at Warren, in the schooner Shepherdess, from Havana, which place he left the 8th May, in company with the United States ship Macdonian, informs us, that the M was bound off Matanzas for the purpose of ascertaining the truth of a report which stated that the United States schooner Alligator was on shore near that place. But having it contradicted, while passing the Moro, by the arrival of a small schooner, of about 20 tons, prize to the United States' schooner Alligator, she but back again to anchor.—Capt. F did not learn the particulars respecting the prize further than that she was captured off Matanzas, and that she contradicted the report above alluded to.

Providence Patriot.

Items of News.

The frigate now on the stocks at the Navy-Yard, Philadelphia, is to be named the Susquehannah A very large ship of war is to be built at Philadelphia.

A brig has sailed from Baltimore for Cape Mesurado (Africa) having on board a number of native Africans, captured by our vessels of war, and about 35 coloured emigrants for the Colony established there under the auspices of the American Colonization Society.

Upwards of 1000 houses are now building in the city of New-York; and nearly all of them of a respectable class, among them are several elegant Churches.

The Honourable Ezekiel Whitman has resigned his seat in Congress, and accepted the Judicial office to which he was recently appointed by the Executive of the State of Maine.

An elegant Arabian Horse was brought out in the Maria, arrived at New York from Liverpool, for H. & G Barclay. It is considered the finest animal of the kind, ever conveyed from Arabia, and the proprietors were offered 1000 guineas for it, to take to France.

MARRIED,

At Warren on Sunday evening last, by the Right Rev. Bishop Griswold, Mr. ROBERT N. AMES of Providence, to Miss MARIA M. SISSON, daughter of Freeborn Sisson, Esq

At Wilmington, (Del.) on the 21st ult. Mr, SAMUEL HARKER, Editor of the Delaware Gazette, to Miss HANNAH BROWN, daughter of the late Silvanus Brown, Esq. of Little-Compton.

DIED,

In this town on Sunday last, Mrs SARAH C. BLISS, widow of Capt Thomas Bliss, in the 68th year of her age.—She was for more than 40 years a member of the Sabbatarian Church in this town.

This morning, very suddenly, Capt. WILLIAM BOSS, in the 64th year of his age.

Drowned on the 17th April, from on board brig Russell, JOHN MARSH, jun. aged 16 years, eldest son of Mr. John Marsh of this town.

At Cincinnati, (Ohio) Mr. NATHAN BARKER, of this town, aged 46 years.

At Westerly on the 15th ult, Mr. PELEG S. BARBER, aged 37 years.

At Providence on Sunday last, Mr. ARAUNAH TINGLEY, aged 47 years.—Mrs MARY BRAGG wife of Mr. Hermon Bragg, aged 35 years.—On Monday, Mr. GEORGE WILSON, aged 36 years.

At Warren on the 13th ult. Deacon FREDERICK LUTHER.

At Brunswick, Maine, Mr. ISAAC DOWE innholder, formerly of this town, aged 51 years.—His death was occasioned by accidentally taking about two ounces of laudanum.—He expired in about 20 hours after taking the fatal dose.

At Warwick on the 22d ult Capt. WILLIAM WARNER, in the 93d year of his age.

Green Peas,

Were brought to town yesterday, raised at the north end of this Island.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1822. June.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon sets.
1 *Saturday,*	4 34	7 26	5 20	2 13
2 *Sunday,*	4 34	7 26	6 7	2 40
3 *Monday,*	4 33	7 27	6 55	3 12
4 *Tuesday,*	4 33	7 27	7 45	rises.
5 *Wednesday,*	4 32	7 28	8 36	8 44
6 *Thursday,*	4 32	7 28	9 28	9 31
7 *Friday,*	4 31	7 29	10 18	10 11

Full Moon 4th day, 3h. 38 min. in the Afternoon.

MARINE LIST.

Port of Newport,

JUNE 1, 1822.

ENTERED,

Brig Samuel, Shearman, Havanna

CLEARED,

Brig Amstel, Place, Western Islands, [Whaling

Sloop Halcyon, Vars, Albany

Arrived on Sunday last, Brig Samuel, Shearman, of this port, 17 days from Havanna, with Molasses, to Charles D'Wolf, jun.

The Revenue Cutter Vigilant, Capt Cahoone, boarded on Thursday last off Point Judith, Schooners Enterprise, Maxwell, 17 days from Havanna bound to Providence; and Adeline, Munroe, of Wareham, 17 days from Martinique bound to Bristol

MARINE MEMORANDA

The U. S. sch'r Alligator, Lieut Stockton, arrived at Charleston on the 20th ult, spoke on the 14th May, 45 miles south of Cape Florida, brig Francis & Lucy, Appleby, for Charleston, to sail the next day, with a full cargo of goods, saved from an English Brig lost on the Reef.

At Savannah May 20th, Sloop Rapid, Perry, 1 day from St. Augustine.

Brig Hiram, Easton, of this port, arrived at Point Petre May 5th, from Wilmington.

Sailed from Blakely May 8th, Sch'r Taisel, Dayton, of this port, for New-York

At Elizabeth-City May 15th, Sloop Frolic, Brown, from this port.

Arrived at Salem on Monday, Ship Commerce, Gardner, 33 days from Liverpool—Spoke in lat. 44, long 43. Brig Maria, Lawton, of Bristol, 18 days from Matanzas for St. Petersburgh, all well.

Ship Helvetius, Swift, of Philadelphia, 126 days from Batavia, arrived at Cowes April 16th.

FOR SALE, BY

CHARLES D'WOLF, jun

100 Casks of Claret WINE.

16 Tons HEMP.

200 Hhds. Cuba MOLASSES.

Newport, June 1.

FRESH FLOUR

Now Landing, and for Sale on Gardner's Wharf, from Sch'r Delight in Peace, from Alexandria.

100 Bbls. Superfine FLOUR, selected for families use.

IN STORE,

150 Bbls. Superfine FLOUR,

20 half-bbls. Superfine Do

50 bbls. scratched Do.

10 do. middlings Do.

Also 50 Hams of superior quality, cured in New-York.

Apply to

JOHN B. LYON.

Newport, June 1.

Marine Insur. Company,

THE Stockholders of the MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY are hereby notified to attend their Annual Meeting on the first Monday in June next, at 11 o'clock A. M. at their Office, for the choice of Nine Directors for the ensuing year; and to transact such other business as may then come before them.

B. PIERCE, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, May 24

Rooms to Rent, or Boarders Wanted.

THE Subscriber wishes to Let 3 or 4 Rooms, in the House occupied by him, in the rear of the *N. E. Commercial Bank*, for the Summer months, or longer—or would accommodate from 3 to 6 Boarders.—Said Rooms may be had with or without furniture.

ROBERT STEVENS, jun.

Newport, June 1.

SEASONABLE GOODS,

JOB SHERMAN,

Has Just Received,

A LARGE Supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, among which are:—

Elegant Canton CRAPES, of different colours.

Drab, Olive and Black Bombazines.

Silk Goods, and a few Pieces of Persians.

Silk and Merino Handkerchiefs.

Elegant Vestings.

Calicoes, a great Assortment, cheap

Also, Russia, English and home-made Diapers, some very stout.

A Variety of Domestic COTTONS, by the Piece—Good Bedticking.

Scotch and Straw Carpetings

Ivory and Horn long, round and neck Combs.

Lustre Ware in setts, and a few Tea-Pots separate—China in sets or single dozen, cheaper than ever.—Glass Ware, &c &c.

Likewise, A handsome Assortment of PAPER-HANGINGS.

Newport, 1st of 6th mo. 1822.

STOP & LOOK!

Have just replenished the Stock with Cheap Goods from the New-York Auctions, consisting of

23 Boxes, Cases and Bales of Elegant GOODS—Also, Leghorn Flats and Gipsies, and almost every article usually found in a Dry Goods Store.

Newport, May 24.

N. E. RUM,

Made by the Subscriber, and Sold at his Store, No. 128, Thames-Street, next South of the Mercury Office—Together with a general Assortment of GROCERIES, &c. by Wholesale and Retail—*Also*, Wood, Lumber, Flag and curb Stones, on the Wharf.

On Commission,

A few Bbls. first quality Albany ALE.

40 boxes 6 by 8 and 7 by 9 Window Glass.

2,000 wt. Salt Pork.

40 Barrels Taunton GIN.

200 Do. fresh Superfine Alexandria FLOUR.

60,000 superior Alexandria SEGARS.

HENRY BULL.

Newport, May 25.

ARNOLD & GREENE,

Domestic Agents in Providence,

(North of the Exchange Bank)

HAVE a constant supply of all kinds of DOMESTIC GOODS from the Manufacturers, to sell on their Account, and can at any time furnish the Retailers and others a complete Assortment, either by the Bale or Piece, upon very favourable terms.—They will send Goods upon a written order, at the same prices as upon personal application.

Providence, May 29, 1822.

Executor's Notice.

THE Subscriber appointed Executor to the last Will and Testament of

BENJAMIN REYNOLDS,

late of Newport, deceased, requests all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having any demands, to present them to

STEPHEN GOULD, *Executor.*

Newport, 6th of 5th mo. 1822

TO EXCHANGE,

ABOUT One Thousand Acres of LAND in Greene County, on Greene River, State of Kentucky, 600 of which are of the best quality.—*Also*, 4000 Acres on the Great Kenhawy or New River, in Montgomery county, and within 5 miles of the Court-House in Virginia; it is well-watered, and of the best quality.—The above Property will be exchanged for any Valuable Real Estate in this Town, or on the Island.—For further information, apply at this Office.

Newport, June 1.

Auctions.

ON *Thursday* June 6th, at X o'clock, A. M. will be Sold at Auction, in front of my Office—One elegant Side Board, some Fowling Pieces, light, new and warranted proof.—Twenty Boxes Shaving Soap; a Saddle and Bridle; and a variety of other Articles.

J. C. SHAW, *Auc'r.*

N. B.—Any Articles sent for sale on Thursday morning, will be attended to.

Newport, June 1.

Valuable Real Estate,

To be Sold at Public Auction, *On the 10th day of June next, without reserve,*

FOUR-TENTHS of that Valuable Estate, late the property of *Perez Richmond*, deceased, containing about 160 Acres, situated in Westport, and adjoining Little-Compton.—Said Farm is remarkably pleasantly situated, bordering on the sea comprising a due proportion of wood land, tillage and pasture, is well watered and has one of the best privileges for Sea manure in the State, it is handy to market, and being within one mile of salt-water navigation.—The quality of the soil is excellent, and is adapted to all kinds of grain.—There is also on said Farm an excellent Fishing Privilege for taking Alewives and Perch which are very abundant.—Terms will be liberal, and made known at the Sale, on the premises—For further particulars, enquire of W. E RICHMOND, Esq Providence; or to

PEREZ O. RICHMOND.

Providence, May 10, 1822.

NICOLAS GEDNEY,

No. 26, *Thames-Street*

HAS just received, Newport Bank Bills (GOOD) [illegible] of all kinds; plated [illegible] Candlesticks; Britannia [illegible] metal Tea-Pots, of various patterns, tea, table and soup Spoons; gilt buttons, red, brown and cream-colour'd Tea-Trays and Fruit baskets; Ladies and Gentlemen's Pocket-Books; brass Andirons, shovels and tongs; Snuffers & Candlesticks, of various patterns.—Also A variety of Gold Jewelry; Silver and Gilt reticule Snaps with and without Rings; a great variety of Gilt and silk watch chains, seals and keys; an assortment of Turtle shell and horn Combs; Gold and Silver Watches; Clothes and other Brushes, of all kinds

He manufactures as usual, Gold watch chains, seals and keys; necklaces and finger rings; stone and pearl work; silver tea and table spoons &c.

All the Imported Articles were principally purchased at Auction in New-York within a few days—I flatter myself to sell as low as my neighbours, if not lower.—*Also for Sale*, A large Assortment of Looking-Glasses and Plates—new frames put to old Glasses, as usual.—I have on the Wharf and in the Stores, a variety of Goods from North-Carolina, consisting of furs, flax, staves, pipe, hhd. & bbl. heading; tar, pitch, rosin, bright varnish, fish herring and shad, hams and bacon.—I give the real value for Old Gold and Silver, agreeably to its standard.—Also, Copper and Brass.

Newport, June 1.

FOR SALE, or TO LET,

THAT convenient Dwelling-House, situated in Bridge-street, on the Point, and formerly occupied by *Robert Woodward*.—For terms, &c. apply to

JOHN BIGLEY.

Newport, June 1.

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

APRIL 9, 1822.

THE Creditors of William Pearce, 3d, of Bristol, in the county of Bristol, are hereby notified to appear, if they shall see fit, at the General Assembly to be holden at Newport, on the 2d Monday of June next, to shew cause why his petition for the benefit of the act entitled "An act for the relief of insolvent debtors," ought not to be granted.

HENRY BOWEN, *Sec'ry.*

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for June 1, 1822

Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport.

J. C. SHAW.

Newport, June 1.

WANTED, in a small Family

A WOMAN to do the Cooking, Washing, &c.—Enquire at this Office.

Newport, May 25.

POETRY.

FROM THE MINERVA.

TO * * * * * * *

TO weep o'er hopes departed
When life hath lost it's bloom—
To wither, broken hearted,
Such, never be thy doom.
May no rude tempests toss thee
Up on the waves of ill—
Misfortunes never cross thee
And sorrow's voice be still!

Oh fortune's frown can only
The bad to grief consign—
Thou never cans't be lonely,
For innocence is thine.
Heav'n fondly watches o'er thee
To shield thy breast from harm—
And heaven extends before thee
A strong protecting arm.

Then should the world forsake thee,
And should its voice belie—
Should sorrows overtake thee,
Do thou their rage defy:—
They never can o'er power
The innocence of thine—
'Tis heaven's own lilly flower,
It's blossom cannot pine.

FLORIO.

New-York. May 1822

FROM CAMPBELL'S LONDON MAGAZINE.

To a Lady, who said she was unhappy.

A SPIRIT, Lady, pure as mine,
Must ne'er like sinful souls, be sad;
Delight was meant for things divine,
And we should only wound the bad

And who would dream that care had power,
Her seal upon so sweet a brow?
Who would not weep, to see distress,
So bright, so pure a Saint as thou?

The path is not a path of sweets,
That leads us onward to the tomb;
Full many a briar the traveller meets,
Where only roses seem'd to bloom.

Yet hope will whisper, mortal sorrow
Is but the darkness of a day;
What joys what grieves us now—to-morrow
Rolls with the tide of time away.

MISCELLANY.

HABITS.

No observation is more common, or better confirmed by experience, than this; that long habits, whether virtuous or vicious, are apt to grow natural, and can never be overcome without the utmost difficulty Nothing therefore is more frequently inculcated by moralists and divines than to endeavour to make virtue habitual to us; and to take care that vice does not become so, in its stead

Retirement.

Domestic comforts are the surest source of happiness. It is in the privacy of domestic retirement, that we feel independent of the world and all its futile concerns It is here we are exempt from the impertinent intrusion of people whom we despise, and have leisure to retrace every action of our past life.

Wit.

Wit is a property which, like grace, is universally acknowledged, always felt, but never defined It is, to the mind, what the other is to the body; and both are requisite to give to that last high polish, without which sense becomes heavy, and beauty insipid Each quality has its degrees—and imitators should be careful that their attempts at grace do not degenerate into affectation, or those at wit into rudeness.

Modesty.

Modesty is the ornament of charm in domestic life—and adds uncommon loveliness to those who shine in the most distinguished circles.

BOARDING SCHOOL

Mr. & Mrs. Herman,

From the United Brethren's School at Salem (North Carolina)

PROPOSE to open a SCHOOL in NEWPORT, (R. I.) for instructing Young Ladies, on the following terms;—Entrance $5—Board, Lodging and Tuition in all or any of the following branches, viz.—English Grammar, Arithmetic History, Geography and Astronomy with the use of Globes, Composition, Drawing and Needle-work $4—And for the following, viz—Music 10 dollars; French 5, Bead-work and tasteing 5 dollars; Painting 5 dollars.

Stationary, Books and Materials for Drawing and Needle-work, will be charged seperately

Newport, April 13.

WANTED in a small Family

A WOMAN to do the Cooking Washing &c.—Enquire at this Office.

Latest Importations of

SPRING GOODS

JAMES HAMMOND

Has Just Received,

EXTRA Super and Superfine real London and French fashionable Blue and Black BROADCLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

Elegant patterns of Fashionable VESTINGS—Mandarin Crape and Florentine for ditto

Irish Linens and Linen Cambrics, in whole and half pieces, remarkably cheap

English Twist and Waltham power-loom Cotton Shirtings.

Fine Cravat Muslins, and fancy or plain Cravat Handkerchiefs.

Company Flag and Bandanno Hdkfs.

Double and single black Barcelona Handkerchiefs.

Blue, marine Blue, and Yellow Nankins.

Sattinets—Cassinets—York Stripes and striped Jeans.

Long and short Silk and Cotton Hosiery.

Webb's Patent Suspenders.—Best Beaver Gloves.

Silk and Cotton Umbrellas.

Gingham Robes	Plaid and plain silks
Cambric Ginghams	Black Sinchaws
Undressed Prints	Black Lustrings
Cambrics	Crape Dresses
Cambric Muslins	Nankin Crapes
Mull & jaconet do	Canton Crapes
1 1. Book Muslins	White and color'd Sattins
Dimities	Do do Levantines
Cambric Dimities	White and Black Italian Crapes
Double and single Jeans	Green Italian crape and Gauze
Kid & silk Gloves	Silk and Crape Scarfs
Silk and Cotton Hose	Crape Shawls
Bombasins	Merino Hndkfs.
Bombazetts	Fancy silk Hndfs.
Gauze Flannel	
Long Lawn & linen Cambric Hdkfs	

CARPETINGS.

Kidderminster, Ingrain and Venetian CARPETINGS, of superior qualities, fashionable Patterns, and as cheap as is to be bought in New-York or Boston.

Furniture Dimity	Linen and Cotton Damask
Furniture Calicoes	Damask Table Cloths
Bedtickings	Napkins—Crash
Linen & Cotton Sheetings	Fine birds-eye Diaper
Green table cloths	Russia Diaper
6-4 and 8-4 Green Baize	Cushion Moreens
Carpet Binding	

New Paper-Hangings.

Just Opened, A further supply of New and Elegant French & American

PAPER-HANGINGS,

At Prices much less than ever befor known.

Books & Stationary,

And Fancy and Staple Articles, of nearly every description, usually to be found in a BOOK-STORE.

A L S O,

Tea Trays, Wine Waiters, Bread and Knife Baskets, and other JAPANNED WARE.

House Brushes of the best kinds—White-wash and Hearth ditto.

Looking-Glasses—Britannia Ware—Knives and Forks—Brass Andirons—Shovel and Tongs—Bellows—Candle-sticks—Lamps—and other Articles of HOUSEHOLD HARDWARE.

The Circulating Library,

OF 4000 VOLUMES,

And Upwards, continues to be replenished with all NEW WORKS fitting the same.

Newport, April 27.

MARBLE MONUMENTS.

TOMBS, Chimney Pieces Hearths, Fire Places and Grave stones, of American and Italian Marble, blue, white and clouded, for Sale on the Packet Wharf, NEWPORT.

A L S O,

500 pair of Grave Stones, of the finest and most durable Blue Slate, warranted superior to any Sold in this state.—Free Stone for Windows Caps and Sills Hearths Fire Places and Steps.

All of which will be sold at the *lowest Prices for Cash* Country Produce, or other Merchandise and on a long credit required *Apply to*

JAMES STEVENS,
Pelham-Street.

Newport, March 17

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber being admitted an Attorney and Counsellor of Law in the Courts of this State, has Opened an Office in the Village of WICKFORD in North Kingstown, and offers his professional services to the public.

SYLVESTER G. SHERMAN.

North-Kingstown, May 8.

PETITION,

To the Hon. General Assembly of the State of Rhode-Island & Providence Plantations, now holden at Providence, in said State.

RESPECTFULLY represents the Subscribers, Inhabitants of Newport, Bristol and Providence, that they have formed an Association, under the name and style of "*The Newport and Bristol Horse Boat Company,*" the object of which Association is to run a Horse Boat across Bristol Ferry.—That the additional facility and safety which this mode of conveyance would give to Travellers over Bristol Ferry, is, as your Petitioners believe, too obvious to the Hon. General Assembly to require any remarks from them, to satisfy the minds of any one of your honors, that Bristol Ferry considering the mode in which it is now navigated, has for years been a great obstacle in the way of the traveller going too or from Rhode-Island; that a Boat drawn by Horses, after the manner of many of the Ferries in the different States of the Union, would at all times afford to the Travaller across said Ferry a safe as well as an expeditious conveyance, and would have a great tendency to unite the different interests of the State, as well as facilitate and extend the intercourse between the different sections of the same.

Wherefore your Petitioners humbly pray your honors to grant them a Charter of Incorporation, according to the form herewith presented, and they as in duty bound, will ever pray.

S. T. Northam	*Jonathan Bowen*
Edward Brinley	*John Slocum*
William Ellery	*James Stevens*
David King	*Henry Coggeshall*
Christopher Ellery	*Wm. Coggeshall*
Chris. Fowler	*Solomon G. Weaver*
C. G. Champlin	*Charles Cotton*
Henry Moore	*Benjamin Hadwin*
William Stevens	*Dutee J Pearce*
Stephen Bowen	*John Cahoone*
William Turner	*Charles Collins*
Wm James Tilley	*George Dennis*
Nicolas Geffroy	*Robert Kelley*
William Lovie	*Benjamin Cole*
Wm Simons	*Josiah Kenniott*
Arch. Munro	*Sylvester Allen*
John W Cahoone	*Barnabas Bates*
Tho. Townsend jr	*J B Wood*
William Miller	*Thomas P Ives*
Steph A Robinson	*William Church*
Robert Rogers	*Nathaniel Bishop*
Benj B. Mumford	*Matthew Watson*
George Engs	*Joseph Sweet.*
Robinson Potter	

A true Copy;—Witness,

HENRY BOWEN, *Secretary.*

State of Rhode-Island & Providence Plantations,

In General Assembly, May Session, 1822

UPON the Petition of *Stephen T. Northam* and others, praying to be Incorporated for the purpose of establishing a Horse Boat at Bristol Ferry—*Voted*, That said Petition be continued to the next session of the General Assembly; that the Committee heretofore appointed thereon, make their Report to that Session, and that in the mean time public notice to all concerned be given in the Newspapers in Newport, of the pendency of said Petition; and that a copy of the petition and vote thereon, be served on the adverse party at least ten days before the next Session.

A true copy—Witness,

HENRY BOWEN, *Secretary.*

House of Entertainment.

SAMUEL PLACE,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general.

THAT he has taken that large and commodious House, No. 158 Thames-Street, for many years occupied as a Public House by Mrs. *Hangs.*—Where he intends keeping a House of Entertainment, and where Strangers and steady Boarders will be accommodated in the best manner, and good attendance will be given.

Clubs and private Companies can be accommodated on the most reasonable terms.

Newport, April 20.

Mrs. Billings,

Respectfully informs her Friends and the Public,

THAT she has Removed from her late residence, to the House belonging to Mr. *T. R. Peckham*, near the State-House, where she continues to keep a House of Entertainment.

Newport, March 16.

NOTICE.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore subsisting between

Abraham D. & George Tilley,

Was dissolved on the 20th ult.—All Persons having demands are requested to present the same for settlement, and those indebted to make immediate payment to GEORGE TILLEY, who is authorized to settle the concerns of said Firm.

ABRAHAM D TILLEY,
GEORGE TILLEY.

Newport, April 26.

ISAAC GOULD,

No. 176, Thames-Street,

HAS just received, and offers for Sale, as low as can be purchased in Town for Cash:—

Real West of England Black and Blue BROADCLOTHS, of the very first chop,

super Black, blue, drab and newest fashion Queen's mixt Cassimeres.

Low priced Broadcloths and Cassimeres.

Tolenett, Valencia, Circassian and silk Vestings.

Superlative Vest Shapes, a fashionable new article.

Cassinetts and Sattinetts.

Real Scotch Plaids 3 4 wide,

Silk and Cotton Velvets.

Rich gilt Coat and Vest Buttons—Twist ditto—Cheap Gilt Buttons for Children's Cloths

Webb's Patent Suspenders

French buck and doe-skin Gloves.

Very fine Cravats and fancy Hndkfs

With a general Assortment of Articles in this line

Newport, March 30

NEW-YORK HATS.

A VERY extensive Supply of Elegant and fashionable HATS, from the best Manufactories in New-York and Philadelphia, are offered for sale by

EZRA HATHAWAY,

At the Stand, long occupied by

GEORGE WANTON,

As a Book and Hat Store.

The large Assortment of Men's, Youths and Children's HATS, is complete; among the kinds which are warranted good, and will be sold Cheap—are the Imitation BEAVERS of *Condit & Pierson, L. W Benedict & Co I. Price*, and *J & L. Brewster*, New-York—and *Lobdell & Elmes'*, Philadelphia—all of which are of an excellent Quality, and a durable black.—*ALSO* One Case Mens *wide brim* Beavers.

School-Books and Stationary, Paper-Hangings and Borders for Sale as above

The Oval Imitation Beavers, can be furnished at the lowest possible prices

Additions will constantly be made of the best and most fashionable HATS.

Newport, April 6

PAPER-HANGINGS.

A GREAT Variety of New and fashionable Patterns of elegan and low priced

PAPER-HANGINGS,

For Rooms and Window Curtains, are just received and for Sale at the Book and Hat Store, by GEORGE WANTON, Agent to *E. Hathaway.*—The Assortment will be constantly increased by new and handsome figures, from New York and Boston, and will be sold Cheap.

Newport, April 27.

☞ *Scholars taken as Cheap, as at any (Man's) School in the State.*

My Spring School is open

FOR the reception and Tuition of Masters and Misses, in the following branches of Education, viz—Reading, Spelling, Writing, Cyphering, Book-Keeping, &c. on very accommodating terms.—Children must be able to spell words of one syllable before they can be received, and Parents are requested to send them at regular school hours, as a constant attendance at school, is the main axis whereon the great wheel of education turns.

E. TREVETT

N. B.—Those whose Accounts have been standing unsettled over a Year, are requested to call and adjust the same.

Newport, April 26.

☞ *NOTICE.*

THE Subscriber informs his Friends and the Public, that he has taken the WHARF and Stores, late belonging to *Silas Dean*, deceased—where he will be regularly supplied with WOOD, of all kinds—The Stores are in excellent order for Storing any kind of Goods, and those who feel disposed to assist him with their custom, may depend on his exertions to please them.

STEPHEN DEBLOIS.

Newport, April 27.

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for May 15, 1822.

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport

J. C. SHAW.

Newport, May 25.

BEEF, &c.

S. & G. BOWEN,

Have for Sale at their Store, on Stevens' Wharf.

100 Bbls. No. 1 & 2 Boston BEEF.—30 do. Mess do. Do.

Mess and Prime PORK.

100 Boxes No. 1 & 2 Soap.

Russia and Ravens Duck.

Bar and Bolt Iron; Iron Hoops Anchors, Nails, Naval Stores, Leather Salt, Codfish, Grindstones, and a general Assortment of

Ship Chandlery & Groceries

Newport, Nov. 17.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office,

DEEDS—Warrantee and Quit-claim

WRITS—Indorsee vs. drawer of a note
County Court Writs
do. do. Executions
Justices, Note and Book
Justices Executions
Subpoenas

Warrants, for collecting Militia Fines

Indentures for Apprentices

Probate—Administrators' Bonds
Executors Do.
Guardians' Do.
Letters of Administration
Do. of Appraisement

Commercial—Bills of Lading
Bills of Exchange
Portage Bills
Powers of Attorney
Enrolment Bills of Sale
Register Bills of Sale
Foreign Manifests
Coasters' Manifests

May 10.

The Union Factory.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends, and the public in general, that they have established the Indigo Blue Dyeing, and have employed an experienced workman at colouring and finishing.—Woolen Goods of all descriptions will be finished in the neatest manner and on the most reasonable terms

Wool of all grades carded into rolls in the best manner. They continue to manufacture Wool on shares or by contract, as may best suit their employers

The following persons will receive and forward any articles intended for the Union Factory viz.—*Edward Stanhope* and *Robert & Francis Carr*, Newport—*George Lawton* Tiverton—*Jeremiah Gifford*, Bristol Ferry.

The Subscribers return their sincere thanks to their old customers and solicit the continuance of their favors.

JOHN BABCOCK,
MOSES LAWTON.

Portsmouth Nov. 10

Dr. Johnson,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general,

THAT he has opened an Assortment of genuine Drugs and Medicines, at his old stand, a few doors north of the Brick Market.—Where persons wishing Medicine, may depend upon having it put up faithfully, and on the most reasonable terms, and the smallest favor gratefully acknowledged

☞ Medical advice *gratis*, to those who purchase Medicines.

Newport, May 10

The beautiful full-blooded Horse

YOUNG ECLIPSE,

WILL stand the ensuing Season, commencing the 15th of May next, at the Stable of Mr. LEVI SHEARMAN, in Portsmouth, Rhode-Island; Young Eclipse was sired by the celebrated thoroughbred Horse Eclipse, and his dam by the Arabian Young Dey of Algiers, out of a full blooded Mare, from the well known Horse Messenger.

Portsmouth, April 20, 1822

ALL Persons having demands on the Estate of CHLOE GREENE, late of Newport, deceased, (probably insolvent) are requested to present the same to the Subscriber as soon as possible.

CLARKE RODMAN, *Town Treas*

Newport, 7th of 5th mo. 1822.

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the estate of

DANIEL AUSTIN, jun.

late of said Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, give notice, that Six Months from the date hereof is hereby allowed the creditors to exhibit their claims and that we will attend for the purpose of receiving the same, at our respective dwellings, at any time during said period.

SAMUEL ALLEN, } *Commrs.*
WILLIAM S PATTEN: }

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment to

ANN AUSTIN, *Adm'*

Newport, April 1, 1822.